IMPLEMENTING DIGITAL HEALTH INTERVENTIONS FOR CANCER PREVENTION

SANDPIT WORKSHOP
28-31 OCTOBER 2018

APPLICATION GUIDELINES
Implementing Digital Health Interventions For Cancer Prevention: Sandpit Workshop

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Digital health tools can be used to collect health data, support the exchange of health information between consumers, providers, and systems, and serve as the basis of interventions aimed at enhancing health and reducing disease burden. It is estimated that at least 40% of cancer cases are associated with modifiable behaviors such as smoking, diet, physical activity, and alcohol consumption and therefore may be preventable. Digital health interventions hold promise as a way to support healthy behavioral choices. Yet limited use of evidence-based interventions within settings such as the home, the community, and the healthcare system has resulted in missed opportunities for improved population health. Research to increase our understanding of contextual factors (e.g., social, cultural, and organizational) that influence the implementation and uptake of digital health interventions for cancer prevention are needed.

To address this issue, the U.S. National Cancer Institute (a component of the National Institutes of Health, which is an agency within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services) and Cancer Research UK (CRUK) are seeking applications to participate in a "sandpit" workshop (i.e. ideas lab) that will bring together a broad group of participants, from a range of different disciplines, including but not limited to implementation science, computer science, behavioral science, human-computer interaction, ethnography, anthropology, communication, and systems engineering in order to generate innovative ideas for advancing cancer prevention through the effective implementation of digital health tools. Applicants from a variety of academic, industry, and community sectors are welcome and encouraged.

The sandpit will take place 28-31 October 2018 in Potomac, Maryland with participants arriving for an evening briefing on October 28th. We anticipate that participants will help define challenge areas and generate novel hypotheses and ideas that can be tested experimentally or through analysis of extant data sources. Sandpit participants will be expected to engage constructively with each other, the event facilitators, the director, and the mentors in order to develop collaborative research ideas. We particularly welcome applications from early- and mid-career individuals interested in contributing their expertise and novel thinking to generate transformative hypotheses and project ideas. Participants will have the opportunity to:

- Network and form collaborations with researchers outside their typical domain and across organizations
- Form new collaborative teams and generate project ideas
- Receive NCI and CRUK programmatic guidance

NCI invites prospective participants to apply for participation in the sandpit by 18 July 2018 at 5 PM EDT / 10 PM BST. The sandpit is an intensive, residential workshop, and participants are required to attend the entire event without exception. By submitting an application, you are committing to complete the entire workshop.
1. RESEARCH CHALLENGE

**Digital health tools** can facilitate collection of health data at the systems level, including in home, community or healthcare settings. Digital tools can support the exchange of health information between consumers, providers and systems, enable health decision making, and facilitate positive health behavior change. However, few research-tested digital interventions have been widely disseminated, commercialized or implemented at the systems/population level. Further, challenges of low participant engagement and high attrition in the use of digital tools decrease the likelihood of generating lasting behavior change in populations around the world.

Approximately 4 in 10 cancer cases are **preventable**. Increasing the dissemination, adoption, adaptation, and sustainability of digital health interventions could have a meaningful impact on cancer prevention and control. Although digital health interventions are a very promising tool for health promotion and behavior change, there is a paucity of research exploring the efficacy of digital interventions in a diverse range of contexts – particularly in general consumer samples and within home, community, and clinical practice settings. Knowledge regarding how evidence-based interventions perform in real world conditions remains limited. Greater understanding of cultural factors related to contexts that may influence the use and adoption of digital health interventions (such as social power dynamics, cultural constructions of health and illness, etc.) is needed. Further, understanding how particular contexts relate to the real-world barriers individuals face in using digital health tools (such as cost, competing priorities, and lack of digital literacy) is particularly important as researchers transition from testing whether these health tools have the potential to improve health or change health behavior to attempting large-scale deployments of digital health tools in order to enhance **population health**.

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The goal of this Sandpit workshop is to spur the development of novel approaches to improve the dissemination and implementation of digital cancer prevention interventions by focusing on the importance of the contexts and target populations in which these interventions are deployed. Often in efficacy studies, context is considered a confounding factor that must be controlled or adjusted for. However, to account for the realities of the settings in which interventions will be implemented, it is necessary to move beyond conceptualizing contextual factors as ‘confounding’. Context should be viewed not simply as a backdrop for interventions, but as the constellation of factors that interact, influence, modify, facilitate, or hinder implementation. To enhance implementation, interventions need to be tested in different contextual milieu, and contextual factors that affect intervention implementation must be examined and understood.

Contextual factors – such as features of the social environment (norms, media messages, social cues) or physical environment (material resources, time pressure, access, policies) – may influence engagement with digital health information and tools. A better understanding of context may enable the identification of more effective dissemination and implementation strategies, which will in turn increase the reach, adoption, fidelity, and maintained use of these evidence-based cancer prevention tools. More specifically, research on context can guide the purposeful selection of setting and populations in which to deploy an intervention, increase the understanding of interactions between interventions and context through an adaptation lens, and offer insights into the translation of outcomes and processes to other contexts and systems.

**Implementation**
The use of strategies to adopt and integrate evidence-based health interventions into clinical and/or community settings in order to improve patient outcomes and/or benefit population health.

**Context**
The set of characteristics and circumstances that surround the implementation effort. Context includes the outer setting, such as the social, cultural, economic, political, legal, and physical environment in which the intervention takes place, as well as the inner setting, which refers to the structural characteristics, networks, culture, resources, leadership qualities and climate of the implementation setting. The characteristics of individuals involved in the implementation efforts, such as their knowledge, self-efficacy and motivations, are also an important component of context.

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Improving the implementation and dissemination of digital health interventions will require an interdisciplinary approach. A range of different disciplines, including but not limited to implementation science, computer science, behavioral science, human-computer interaction, ethnography, anthropology, communication, economics, and systems engineering can contribute unique perspectives that can generate new insights and produce bold, novel solutions for the complex challenges that are currently limiting the impact of digital health tools. Questions for consideration during the Sandpit include, but are not limited to those described below.

2. RESEARCH QUESTIONS

1. What are the barriers and facilitators to implementing effective digital health interventions at the population level?
2. How can a better understanding of context and systems (particularly at the population level) lead to improved implementation of digital health interventions?
3. How do differences between contexts or systems influence the successful implementation of digital health technology? Which specific aspects of a context or specific characteristics of a system are most salient for implementation success?
4. How can digital tools be leveraged to improve the implementation of interventions within and across different contexts and health systems?
5. How can contextual factors be used to adapt digital health interventions to increase implementation success?
6. How can evidence about the implementation of effective digital health interventions directly inform policy and practice?
7. How might digital health interventions be used to address multiple health behaviors or outcomes?
8. How can digital health interventions be optimally implemented in rural or geographically isolated areas?

Interdisciplinary research
Research undertaken by scholars from two or more distinct scientific disciplines that is based on a conceptual model that links/integrates theoretical frameworks from those disciplines, uses a study design/methodology that is not limited to any one field, and leverages the perspectives/skills of the involved disciplines throughout the research process.

Implementation Outcomes
Implementation outcomes can be measured at various levels, for instance - at the individual level (providers or consumers), the organizational level, or the community level. Implementation outcomes include (but are not limited to) measures of acceptability, adoption, appropriateness, feasibility, fidelity, implementation cost, penetration, and sustainability.
3. APPLICATION PROCESS

To express interest in participating in the sandpit, please send: (1) your CV; (2) a cover letter that outlines your interests in applying for the sandpit; (3) a visual representation (e.g., diagram or mental model) that illustrates a conceptual schema of your area of interest along with a caption; and (4) a letter of commitment from your organization or institution.

The cover letter should not exceed 800 words, and should include: your background, interests, and expertise, particularly as they relate to this sandpit topic; your approach to working in a team; and your experience with or interest in stepping outside your area of expertise and thinking creatively and innovatively to develop novel approaches in partnership with individuals you may not know. Applicants should demonstrate the skills, expertise, and capacity for successful collaboration in this intensive, interactive, and fast-paced event. It is strongly advised that applicants do not merely list their achievements (e.g., publications, research experience, funding track record), but rather use them to demonstrate innovative and collaborative capacity.

The visual representation should depict the components and processes that are central to your area of interest (see example and more information on the last page). Please caption the diagram with a brief description written in language that would be accessible to people with expertise in a different area (no more than 300 words). The visual representation may be drawn by hand and scanned or illustrated electronically and submitted in pdf format.

The letter of commitment should include a covering statement from a representative of your organization (e.g., supervisor, manager, or other relevant persons) confirming that, in the event of receiving a seed grant from CRUK, their organization is willing and able to engage in and support a collaborative project. The letter should acknowledge the following: (a) neither indirect funds nor personnel support will be provided; and (b) the participant shall be allowed to spend up to 5% of their time on the Sandpit project if awarded a CRUK seed grant.

SUBMISSION DEADLINE

The submission deadline for completed applications is 18 July 2018, at 5 PM EDT/10 PM BST. Applications should be emailed to Sandpit_Workshop@mail.nih.gov. Applications submitted after the deadline will not be considered. Application receipt will be acknowledged via email within two business days. If you do not receive acknowledgement, please send an email inquiry to confirm your application was received. Please note that by submitting an application, you are consenting to have all your application information (including name and email address) shared among the members of the NCI-CRUK sandpit planning committee.

ELIGIBILITY

Participants will be selected for the sandpit workshop via expert review of the application materials. Applications are welcome from academic, industry, and community sectors. The group of people selected will be intentionally diverse, and it is intended that a wide variety of disciplines, including those from private, public and third sector organizations and community groups will be represented. If you would like to help transform the future of digital health in the context of cancer prevention, we invite you to apply, regardless of your expertise or background. We are more interested in new ideas, underpinned by radical and innovative thinking. We regret that, on this occasion, PhD students as well as applicants based outside of the U.K. or U.S. are not eligible to apply.

The sandpit is an intensive, residential workshop, and participants must attend the entire event as well as a briefing the evening before the event starts. By submitting an application, you are committing to complete workshop in its entirety, including the pre-workshop briefing on the evening of Sunday, 28th October 2018. Participants will be reimbursed for travel, subsistence and lodging expenses in accordance with NIH policy.

NCI is committed to providing reasonable accommodations for qualified individuals with a disability.
4. PROPOSALS

CRUK will provide a grant opportunity for proposals selected at the workshop. It is anticipated that approximately four proposals will receive awards of up to £40,000 each. The proposals will be reviewed, funded, and administered independently by CRUK. The Sandpit workshop will include both U.S. and U.K. participants. CRUK grant proposals require at least one U.K.-based co-applicant. Funds will be distributed to a U.K.-based organization and subcontracts to other organizations in the U.S. and U.K. will be established as needed. Following the sandpit, each successful project team will have four weeks to draft a full feasibility study proposal that covers their group’s intended activities as presented at the sandpit. Principle Investigators who are not established members of a recognized research organization must be accommodated by a research organization and provided with appropriate facilities to carry out the research as agreed by the Head of the organization in the cover letter. The specific role of each project team member, in terms of their involvement with, and contribution to, the project will be agreed on by the project team (i.e., some members may be named as joint lead investigators or contribute in an advisory capacity, etc.).

Feasibility study proposals will be submitted via CRUK’s electronic Grant Management System (eGMS) by 30 November 2018. Feasibility studies will last up to 12 months in duration, starting in February 2019. All awards are subject to CRUK’s terms and conditions. CRUK will offer support and advice throughout the lifetime of the project, including quarterly teleconferences with project groups. A report of feasibility outputs will be required by CRUK on completion of the project. Additional guidance on the post-award processes will be made available at the sandpit.

Please note that individuals who are supported by tobacco industry funding are not eligible to receive CRUK funding. For further clarification regarding CRUK’s policy regarding tobacco industry support please refer to Cancer Research UK’s Code of Practice on Tobacco Industry Funding to Universities: http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/funding-for-researchers/applying-for-funding/policies-that-affect-your-grant/code-of-practice-on-tobacco-industry-funding-to-universities

5. TIMELINE

• 18 July 2018 at 5 PM EDT/10 PM BST - Deadline for submission of application materials
• August 2018 - Applicants notified of outcome
• September-October 2018 - Pre-workshop activities
• 28-31 October 2018 - Sandpit held (Potomac, Maryland)
• 30 November 2018 - Deadline for submission of CRUK Innovation grant proposals
• February 2019 - Feasibility studies commence
6. FURTHER INFORMATION

If you have any questions or would like further information:

**U.K. applicants** please contact:
Dr. Gillian Rosenberg  
Email: gillian.rosenberg@cancer.org.uk  
Phone: 020 3469 5250

**U.S. applicants** please contact:
Dr. Kara L. Hall  
Email: hallka@mail.nih.gov  
Phone: (240) 276-6831

**Additional information pertaining to the visual representation**

Applications should include a “mental model” or diagrammatic illustration of one’s area expertise. Although there are many ways to approach this kind of visualization, simple models often include an arrangement of concepts linked by arrows to illustrate relationships among key components of a problem space.