OCTOBER 7, 2019



# Building Infrastructure for Cancer and Aging Research

A WEBINAR TRIBUTE TO DR. ARTI HURRIA

Supriya Mohile, MD, MS William Dale, MD, PhD Cancer & Aging Research Group



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# Arti Hurria, M.D.

George Tsai Family Chair in Geriatric Oncology Vice Provost of Clinical Faculty Director, Center for Cancer and Aging City of Hope

1970 - 2018

**Building Infrastructure for Cancer and Aging Research:** 

# A Webinar Tribute to Dr. Arti Hurria

Supriya Mohile, MD, MS William Dale, MD, PhD Cancer & Aging Research Group

# **Dr. Arti Hurria's Passion:**

# Integration of Geriatric Assessment into Oncology Trials and Care for Older Adults with Cancer

Supriya Mohile, MD, MS Philip and Marilyn Wehrheim Professor University of Rochester Wilmot Cancer Institute Director, Geriatric Oncology Research Program \*Slides c/o Dr. Hurria and her team #DrHurriasLight

#### US Population Age > 65 (millions) Shift in 2030: Largest growth in the 80+ age groups 90 yrs and over 80 - 89 yrs 70 - 79 yrs 65 - 69 yrs Years

U.S Census Bureau 2010

# Average Annual Incidence Rates and Case Distribution by Age



DeSantis et al, CA Cancer J, 2019

# Projected Rise in Cancer Incidence from 2010 to 2030



Smith et al, J Clin Oncol, 2009

# **Aging of Cancer Survivors**



Bluethmann SM et al., Cancer Epi Biomarkers & Prevention, 2016

# **Cancer is a Disease Associated with Aging**

# The Number of Older Adults is On the Rise

# **Are We Prepared?**

## Clinical Trial Data Limited in Older Adults No Change in Age Distribution of NCI Cooperative Group Clinical Treatment Trials (Phase 2 and Phase 3)



NCI/DCTD Clinical Data Update System, 2012

# Under-representation of Older Adults on FDA Registration Trials (ASCO 2017)



Singh et al, ASCO Annual Meeting, 2017

# **Pediatrics** ≈ **Geriatrics**



#### Pediatrics

#### Geriatrics

**Population Requires Unique Skill Set:** 

- Age-related change in physiology
- Vulnerable to toxicity
- Dependent in daily activities
- Concern regarding long-term effects of therapy

# Chronological Age ≠ Functional Age

Johanna Quaas"Banana George" BlairFauja SinghTop Senior GymnastBarefoot Water SkierMarathon Runner



**Age 92** 

**Age 100** 

**Age 86** 

# What Many Patients Look Like

- Needs assistance with daily activities
- Multiple comorbid medical conditions
- Mild cognitive impairment
- Limited social support
- Lives alone
- Transportation issues
- Polypharmacy
- Frailty

Likely Did Not Participate in Registration & Cooperative Group Studies



# **Integrating Geriatrics and Oncology**

Factors other than chronological age that predict morbidity & mortality in older adults

- Functional status
- Comorbid medical conditions
- Cognition
- Nutritional status
- Psychological state
- Social support
- Medications (polypharmacy)

# Geriatric Assessment

# Geriatric Assessment Questions are Acceptable to Patients

92% Length is "Just Right"



# 87% Completed patient questionnaire w/o assistance



95% Easy to comprehend96% Not upsetting



# 94% Completed healthcare provider portion



Hurria et al, Cancer 2005; Hurria et al, JCO 2011

# Can We Identify Older Adults at Risk for Chemotherapy Side Effects?

- Melding Geriatrics and Oncology
- Multicenter study
  - 10 participating institutions
  - Cancer and Aging Research Group
- > Over 750 patients enrolled
- > Publication: Journal of Clinical Oncology 2011 & 2016
- Research named a key Clinical Cancer Advances in 2012 by the American Society of Clinical Oncology

## **Risk of Severe Side Effects**



# Real World Usage of the Geriatric Assessment

				V	vww.m	ycarg.o	org				
Meet the	U13	CARG	Grants/Job	Educational	Resources for	Geriatric	Geriatric	R25 Nursing	URCC GA	CARG	Contact
Researchers	Meeting	Studies	Opportunities	Resources	the Older Adult	Assessment Tools	Oncology Events	Grant	Studies	Advocacy	Us

#### GERIATRIC ASSESSMENT TOOLS

Chemotherapy Toxicity Tool and Geriatric Assessment Tool

The Chemo-Toxicity Calculator

The Chemo-Toxicity Calculator assessment variables (function, patients across seven participal this study were identified by the vulnerability to chemotherapy to Chemo-Toxicity Calculator in cli

#### Chemo Toxicity Calculator

Geriatric Assessment Tool

A geriatric assessment is utilize the most vulnerable patients (fo

#### Website Usage:

- ~6,000 hits/month on the GA Tools Page
   ~16,000 hits/month overall for the website
- Visitors from 24 countries
- •45% international visitors

required for their administration. A geriatric assessment tool (that can be completed primarily by patients) was developed for incorporation into oncology clinical trials and routine care settings.<sup>1,2</sup> The domains that are assessed include functional status, comorbidities, medications, nutritional status, cognitive function, and psychosocial status.

Please click on the below for more information regarding the geriatric assessment tool:

<sup>1</sup>Hurria et al. Cancer 2005

<sup>2</sup>Hurria et al. JCO 2011

Geriatric Assessment in English

- Patient portion
- Patient portion (mobile-friendly)
- Healthcare provider portion

Geriatric Assessment in Spanish (Evaluación Geriátrica en Español)

- Porción del paciente

FACITtrans Certified Translation Cerificate (Spanish)

- Porción del paciente (optimizado para dispositivos móviles)

. . . . . . .

learance), and geriatric of a study which enrolled 500 O 2011). The results from and oncologic correlates of a goal is to utilize this

ating physicians to identify of the time and resources

### Practical Assessment and Management of Vulnerabilities in Older Patients Receiving Chemotherapy: ASCO Guideline for Geriatric Oncology

Supriya G. Mohile, William Dale, Mark R. Somerfield, Mara A. Schonberg, Cynthia M. Boyd, Peggy S. Burhenn, Beverly Canin, Harvey Jay Cohen, Holly M. Holmes, Judith O. Hopkins, Michelle C. Janelsins, Alok A. Khorana, Heidi D. Klepin, Stuart M. Lichtman, Karen M. Mustian, William P. Tew, and Arti Hurria

#### Recommendation:

In patients age 65 and older receiving chemotherapy, geriatric assessment should be used to identify vulnerabilities or geriatric impairments that are not routinely captured in oncology assessments.

> Evidence-based, benefits outweigh harms Evidence Quality: High Strength of Recommendation: Strong

> > Mohile, Dale...Hurria. JCO 2018

# **Strength of the Data for Geriatric Assessment**

Repetto et al. JCO 2002 Levit et al. J Natl Cancer Inst. 2018 Caillet et al. Clin Interv Aging 2014 Hurria et al. JCO 2016 Hamaker et al. Acta Oncol. 2014 Puts et al. JNCI 2012 Hurria et al. JCO 2011 Soubeyran et al. JCO 2012 Puts et al. Ann Oncol 2014 Extermann et al. JCO 2007 Decoster et al. JGO 2013 Winkelmann et al. JCRCO 2011 Aaldricks et al. CROH 2011 Williams et al. JGO 2014 Extermann et al. Cancer 2012 Dale et al. JNCI 2012 Hurria et al. JCO 2014

The data in support of the geriatric assessment inclusion in clinical trials and clinical care are international, multi-institutional, and highly peer-reviewed.

Hurria et al. JOP 2016 Arnoldi et al. Tumori 2007 Hurria et al. J Am Geriatr Soc. 2007 Wildiers et al. JCO 2014 Mohile et al. Cancer 2016 IOM 2013 Caillet et al. JCO 2011 Hurria et al. Cancer 2005 Chaibi et al. CROH 2011Palumbo et al. Blood 2015 Puts et al. JNCI 2012 Hurria et al. JCO 2015 Extermann et al. Cancer 2012 Hurria et al. JCO 2011 Luciani et al. JGO 2015 Tucci et al. Cancer 2009Mohile et al. JCO 2018 Augsschoell et al. JGO 2014 Ramjaun et al. JGO 2013 Puts et al. Ann Oncol 2014 Aaldriks et al. Breast 2013 Tucci et al. Leuk Lymphoma 2015 Hurria et al. JCO 2016 Ramjaun et al. JGO 2013 Klepin et al. Blood 2014 Clough-Gorr et al. JCO 2010 Kenis et al. Ann Oncol. 2013 Aaldriks et al. Acta Oncol. 2016 Baitar et al. JGO 2015

Study	Design	Population	Intervention Delivery	Management Strategy	Outcomes
Hurria et al. -City of Hope	2:1 Patient randomization n=600	age 65+ with any stage solid tumor malignancies starting a new chemo regimen (any line)	Study NP in collaboration with the primary oncologist and clinic nurse to follow up	Established protocol based on multidisciplinary team input and triggers based on GA results	4 Primary endpoints: Chemo toxicity (Gr3+); Rate of hospitalization; Change in functional status; Change in psychosocial status
Soubeyran et al. -28 Regional Coordination Units for Geriatric Oncology (mix of sites)	Patient randomization n=1200	age 70+ with most solid tumor malignancies candidate for first/second-line medical treatment	Geriatrician with nurse follow up	Established protocol based on expert input	Co-primary endpoint of overall survival and dimensions of QoL; Response; PFS; other QoL; Chemo tox, Health care utilization
Puts et al. -multi-center study of centers in Canada	Patient randomization n=350	age 70+ with most solid tumor malignancies starting first/second line chemotherapy	Geriatric oncology with nurse follow up	Established protocol based on Delphi consensus and guidelines	<b>QoL;</b> Cost-effectiveness; Function; Chemo tox; Satisfaction; Cancer tx changes; Survival
Mohile et al. -community oncology practices affiliated with University of Rochester NCORP Research Base	Cluster randomization by oncology practice COACH: n=542; GAP n=700	age 70+ with advanced solid tumor malignancies	GA summary results and recommendation given to oncology team	Established protocol based on Delphi consensus panel and guidelines	COACH: Communication, Satisfaction; GAP: Chemo toxicity (Gr3+), Survival, Function

## **High Quality Cancer Care for the Older Adult**

### Geriatric Assessment Facilitates Communication and Decision-Making



# Solutions to Fill Ongoing Knowledge Gaps



## ASCO

U13 Grant (NIA, NCI, CARG)

**NCI--Accelerated Aging** 

# 2013 Institute of Medicine Report Delivering High-Quality Cancer Care: Charting a New Course for a System in Crisis

#### **Recommendations:**

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There is a critical need for research in older adults

DELIVERING HIGH-QUALITY

Improving the Quality of Cancer Care in an Aging Population Recommendations From an IOM Report

Hurria et al. JAMA 2013

- Research design & infrastructure
- Recruitment of older adults
- Reporting of results

INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE

# U13 AG048721 Grant Collaboration Between CARG, NCI, & NIA

#### Biological, Clinical, and Psychosocial Correlates at the Interface of Cancer and Aging Research

William Dale, Supriya G. Mohile, Basil A. Eldadah, Edward L. Trimble, Richard L. Schilsky, Harvey J. Cohen, Hyman B. Muss, Kannath E. Sahmadar, Bathy Forrall, Martine Externance, Super C. Naufield, Artic Hyrris, on babelf of the Concer and Aging

#### Gap:

 Clinical Measures Most Relevant to Older Adults Are Rarely Incorporated Into Oncology Clinical Trials

#### Recommendation:

 Consistently Incorporate Validated Geriatric Assessment Measures Into Oncology Research

Supriya G. Mohile, MD, MS'; Arti Hurria, MD<sup>2</sup>; Harvey J. Cohen, MD<sup>3</sup>; Julia H. Rowland, PhD<sup>4</sup>; Corinne R. Leach, PhD, MPH, MS<sup>4</sup>; Neeraj K. Arora, MS, PhD<sup>5</sup>; Beverly Canin<sup>6</sup>; Hyman B. Muss, MD<sup>7</sup>; Allison Magnuson, DO<sup>8</sup>; Marie Flannery, PhD, RN, AOCN<sup>9</sup>; Lisa Lowenstein, PhD<sup>10</sup>; Heather G. Allore, PhD<sup>11</sup>; Karen M. Mustian, PhD, MPH<sup>12</sup>; Wendy Demark-Wahnefried, PhD, RD<sup>13</sup>; Martine Extermann, MD<sup>14</sup>; Betty Ferrell, PhD, MA<sup>15</sup>; Sharon K. Inouye, MD, MPH<sup>16</sup>; Stephanie A. Studenski, MD, MPH<sup>17</sup>; and William Dale, MD, PhD<sup>18</sup>

Dale W, Mohile S...Hurria A Cancer, 2016

#### COMMENTARY

Expanding the Evidence Base in Geriatric Oncology: Action Items From an FDA-ASCO Workshop

Laura A. Levit, Harpreet Singh, Heidi D. Klepin, Arti Hurria

- Use clinical trials to improve the evidence base for treating older adults with cancer
- Leverage research designs and infrastructure to improve the evidence base for treating older adults with cancer
- Increase the authority of the FDA to incentivize and require research involving older adults with cancer
- Increase clinician recruitment of older adults with cancer to clinical trials.

# Accelerated Aging Guida et al, JNCI; 2019



# Measuring Aging and Identifying Aging Phenotypes in Cancer Survivors Guida et al. JNCI, 2019

- Conceptual Considerations
  - Consider aging as a life-course perspective of aging trajectories
  - Engage systems biology to understand aging processes from a cumulative deficit perspective
- Measurement Considerations
  - Use feasible, validated measures of physical and cognitive function
  - Use at least one objective measure of functional status
- Methodologic Considerations
  - Leverage existing resources
  - Increase number of older adults on trials, especially those with comorbidities
  - Identify most important predictors and outcomes
  - Attend to survival bias (cancer survivors with highest accumulation of deficits will die earlier) JNCI, 2019

# Multifaceted & Complex Problem: Multifaceted & Complex Solution

The majority of individuals with cancer are older adults

- Older adults are under-represented on registration trials
  - Geriatric assessment not included
- There is a need to improve the evidence-base

Many possible solutions: Let's leap to the solution together!

# **Special Issue to Remember Dr. Arti Hurria**

2

SIC

- Submissions on topics in geriatric oncology and accelerated aging that highlight Dr. Hurria's work.
- Submissions that highlight Dr. Hurria's contribution to mentorship, leadership, faculty development (including her dedication to the fostering the careers of women), multidisciplinary care, and teambased research.
- Personal tributes.

# Preparing For the Next Generation: A National Network of Cancer and Aging Investigators



### William Dale, M.D., Ph.D.

Arthur M. Coppola Family Chair in Supportive Care Medicine Clinical Professor and Chair, Department of Supportive Care Medicine Director, Center for Cancer & Aging Researcj, City of Hope

> CityofHope.org/william-dale Twitter: @WilliamDale\_MD

# There is no better model to study aging than Cancer

# Age, Cancer, and Cancer Therapy

Aging

Cell Senescence Inflammation DNA Damage Oxidative Stress ↓ in Telomere Length

> Cancer Therapy

Cancer

# "Premature Aging Syndrome"

Introduce Cancer Tx

#### Withdraw Cancer Tx







# Will She Recover?

### Predicting Risk of Toxicity in Older Patients with Breast Cancer (R01 & BCRF Grant, PI: Hurria)

<u>Objective</u>: To identify clinical and biological predictors of severe chemotherapy side effects in older patients with breast cancer

Breast ( (start	Cancer Cases ting chemo)	Breast Cancer Control (no chemo)	Healthy Controls				
500	500 enrolled 100 enrolled		100 enrolled				
Timepoint 1:		Timepoint 2:	Timepoint 3:				
Ger Asse: To	Ger National PI Transition: Mina Sedrak, MD, MS (COH) Asset Top Accruing Site: Allison Magnuson, DO (University of Rochester)						
Blooc (bioma	Continued Collaboration Across 16 Sites Manuscript in progress describing preliminary results						

**#DrHurriasLight** 

#### **Across 16 institutions**

ag

**COH Only** 

ing)

### Can We Intervene to Decrease the Risk? (UniHealth Grant, Principal Investigator: Hurria)

Objective: To determine whether the geriatric assessment driven interventions will lead to improvement patient outcomes

Pre-Chemotherapy (Baseline)

• Geriatric Assessment

Calculation of Chemotherapy Toxicity Risk Score

#### **RANDOMIZATION (2:1)**

PI Transition: Daneng Li, MD (COH) Co-Investigator: William Dale, MD, PhD Primary analysis in progress #DrHurriasLight

tervention

# Dr. Hurria's Legacy: 4,500 Patients Contributing to Cancer and Aging Research

- Identifying Biomarkers of Aging and Chemotherapy Toxicity
- Understanding the Cognitive Effects of Cancer Therapy
- Studying New Cancer Treatments in Older Adults
- Understanding the Needs of Patients and Their Caregivers
- Understanding the Issues For Long-Term Cancer Survivors

# **Dr. Hurria's Legacy**

Since November 2006:

- > 30 geriatric oncology studies
  - Over 4,500 participants enrolled in cancer & aging studies
- Expanded peer-reviewed funding
  - K award to 13 NIH grants
- Disseminate our findings
  - Over 200 publications
  - Development of the Journal of Geriatric Oncology



# **Importance of Paying It Forward: Mentorship**

VOLUME 26 · NUMBER 19 · JULY 1 2008

JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY

COMMENTS AND CONTROVERSIES

### Mentoring Junior Faculty in Geriatric Oncology: Report From the Cancer and Aging Research Group

Arti Hurria, City of Hope, Duarte, CA Lodovico Balducci, H. Lee Moffitt Cancer and Research Institute, Tampa, FL Arash Naeim, University of California, Los Angeles, Los Angeles, CA Cary Gross, Yale University, New Haven, CT Supriya Mohile, University of Rochester, Rochester, NY Heidi Klepin, Wake Forest University, Winston-Salem, NC William Tew, Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY Leona Downey, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ Ajeet Gajra, University of New York Upstate Medical University, Syracuse, NY Cynthia Owusu, Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, OH Homayoon Sanati, University of California at Irvine, Irvine, CA Theodore Suh, The Cleveland Clinic, Cleveland, OH Robert Figlin, City of Hope, Duarte, CA

#### Center for Cancer and Aging Research Program, City of Hope



Director





# <u>CARG Infrastructure Grant</u> (CARinG; NIA: R21/33)

## MPIs: Drs. William Dale, Supriya Mohile, (Arti Hurria)





Founded by: Arti Hurria, MD (2006)



**Co-Leads:** Supriya Mohile, MD, MS & William Dale, MD, PhD

- Mission: to join geriatric oncology researchers across the nation in a collaborative effort of designing and implementing clinical trials to improve the care of older adults with cancer.
- **Bi-monthly CARG Calls**: where members can present current projects and grant proposals for feedback.



#### On Average, 40 Members per CARG Call



#### **Over 20 Participating Institutions and 310 Members**

|--|

#### MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Cancer and Aging Research Group is to join geriatric oncology researchers across the nation in a collaborative effort of designing and implementing clinical trials to improve the care of older adults with cancer. The only requirement for membership is the desire to help older adults with cancer.



Meet the	U13	CARG	Grant/Job	Educational	Geriatric	Geriatric	R25 Nursing	URCC GA	Contact
Researchers	Meeting	Studies	Opportunities	Resources	Assessment Tools	Oncology Events	Grant	Studies	Us

# NIH/NIA Research Infrastructure Development for Interdisciplinary Aging Studies (R21/R33)

- This FOA invites applications that propose to develop novel research infrastructure that will advance the science of aging in specific areas requiring interdisciplinary partnerships or collaborations.
- This FOA will use the NIH Phased Innovation Award (R21/R33) mechanism to provide up to 2 years of R21 support for initial developmental activities, and up to 3 years of R33 support for expanded activities.
- Through this award, investigators will develop a sustainable research infrastructure to support projects that address key interdisciplinary aging research questions.

# **CARG Infrastructure Grant (CARinG) Goals**

The <u>overall goal</u> is to develop a sustainable national research infrastructure to create and support significant and innovative projects addressing key interdisciplinary research questions at the aging and cancer interface.

- Increase high-impact <u>research</u> to reliably identify older patients at highest risk for adverse outcomes from cancer and its treatments;
- **Develop effective** <u>interventions</u> to improve outcomes for vulnerable older adults and their caregivers;
- Mentor the next generation of aging and cancer researchers;

• **Disseminate** the findings widely to inform clinical practice;

## Organizational Structure



# **Schema of Events: Setting the Foundation**

Figure 1: Schema of Events for "Geriatric Oncology Research Infrastructure to Improve Clinical Care" R21 Phase (Years 1-2) R33 Phase (Years 3-5) Year 2 Year 4 Year 5 Year 1 Year 3 Conference 1 Delphi Conference 2 Conference 3 Pilot 1 Pilots 2, 3 Pilots 4, 5, 6, 7 Pilots 8, 9 **CARG** Teleconferences – Every Two Weeks **Aim 1:** Solidify the Infrastructure Aim 2: Use the Sustainable Infrastructure **Aim 3:** Support and Guide Research Projects Aim 4: Identify, Cult vate, and Mentor Investigators in Aging and Cancer Research **Aim 5:** Disseminate Research Findings and Data Sharing Opportunities

# Delphi Survey (Round 1)

- Delphi Survey 1 captured through REDCap
- CARG members (n=261) were invited to complete the online survey, and 83 of the 261 survey participants responded



# **Delphi Survey, Round 1**



# **Delphi Survey, Round 1 Results**

#### **Barriers Conducting Geriatric Oncology Research**

#### **Identifying Unmet Needs: Support Needed**



# **Delphi Survey 2: Priorities for the Mentorship Core**

#### Please rank priorities for the Mentorship Core?



#### Delphi 2: Question 13 (n=23/24)



#### Response options

Facilitating mentorial teams and collaborations

Internal grant reviews

Grant writing workshops

Leadership training

Development of a curriculum for geriatric oncology research Coaching for time management, work/life balance

#### Delphi 2: Question 13A (n=24/24)



Response options

Facilitating mentorial teams and collaborations

Internal grant reviews

Grant writing workshops

Leadership training

Development of a curriculum for geriatric oncology research

Coaching for time management, work/life balance

Response Options	Responses Ranked	Priority
Facilitating mentorial teams and collaborations	53	Highest Priority
Internal grant reviews	60	
Grant writing workshops	66	
Leadership training	91	
Development of a curriculum for geriatric oncology research	103	
Coaching for time management, work/life balance	111	Lowest Priority

Response Options	Responses Ranked	Priority
Facilitating mentorial teams and collaborations	51	Highest Priority
Internal grant reviews	55	
Grant writing workshops	75	
Leadership training	93	
Development of a curriculum for geriatric oncology research	111	
Coaching for time management, work/life balance	119	Lowest Priority

# Patient Advocate Board: SCOREboard

- **Co-Chairs**: Beverly Canin and Margaret Sedenquist
- **Our Mission**: to improve aging and cancer research and care delivery by infusing the knowledge and experience of older patients with cancer and their caregivers in all stages of the research process.
- Current membership 10 5 original members; 5 new confirmed 3 CA; 1 NC; 2 NY; 1 CT; 2 AA; 6 cancer types
- Procedures
  - 1.5 hour monthly webinar meetings including the liaison PI and members of the project team
  - One or two SCOREboard members work with each Core



# Year 1: Key Outcomes



# Schema of Events: Setting the Foundation

Figure 1. Schema of Events for Genatic Oncology Research infrastructure to improve Chinical Care							
l	R21 Phase	(Years 1-2)	R3	3 Phase (Years 3-5	5)		
l	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5		
	Conference 1	Delphi	Conference 2		Conference 3		
l		Pilot 1	Pilots 2, 3	Pilots 4, 5, 6, 7	Pilots 8, 9		
	CARG Teleconference	ces – Every Two Weel					
	Aim 1: Solidify the In	frastructure					
		Aim 2: Use the Sus	ainable Infrastructur	e			
l		Aim 3: Support and	Guide Research Pro	ojects			
	Aim 4: Identify, Cultiv	vate, and Mentor Inve	gators in Aging and	I Cancer Research			
	Aim 5: Disseminate	Research Findings and	Data Sharing Oppo	rtunities			

R33 Phase - April 1, 2020

# **CARinG Cores**

LEADERSHIP CORE	MEASURES CORE	SUPPORTIVE CARE CORE	HEALTH SERVICES RESEARCH CORE	ANALYTICS CORE	COMMUNICATION CORE
LEADERSHIP, MENTORING, & TRAINING	CLINICAL & BIOLOGICAL MEASURES OF AGING	BEHAVIORAL, PSYCHOLOGICAL & SUPPORTIVE CARE INTERVENTIONS	CARE DELIVERY & COMPARATIVE EFFECTIVENSS RESEARCH	EPIDEMIOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS & INFORMATICS	DISEMINATION & COMMUNICATION
Co-Chairs: Supriya Mohile, MD, MS; William Dale; MD, PhD; Heidi Klepin, MD	Chair: Hyman Muss, MD Junior Faculty Lead: Thuy Koll, MD	Chair: Matthew Loscalzo, LCSW Junior Faculty Lead: Rawad Elias, MD	Chair: Harvey Cohen, MD Junior Faculty Lead: Melisa Wong, MD, MS	Chair: Canlan Sun, MD, PhD Junior Faculty Lead: Mina Sedrak, MD, MS	Chair: John Beilenson, MA Junior Faculty Lead: Ishwaria Subbiah, MD, MS
PI Liaison: Supriya Mohile, MD, MS; William Dale; MD, PhD; Heidi Klepin, MD	PI Liaison: Supriya Mohile, MD, MS; William Dale; MD, PhD	PI Liaison: PI Liaison: William Dale, MD, PhD	PI Liaison: Supriya Mohile, MD, MS	PI Liaison: Supriya Mohile, MD, MS	PI Liaison: William Dale, MD, PhD

# **CARinG Pilot Grants**

<u>Pilot Grant</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Grant Support</u>	<b>Matching Funds</b>	<u>Timeframe</u>
Pilot Grant 1	2	\$15,000	\$15,000	9/1/19-8/31/20
Pilot Grant 2	3	\$20,000	\$15,000	4/1/20-3/31/21
Pilot Grant 3	3	\$20,000	\$15,000	4/1/20-3/31/21
Pilot Grant 4	4	\$20,000	\$15,000	4/1/21-3/31/22
Pilot Grant 5	4	\$20,000	\$15,000	4/1/21-3/31/22
Pilot Grant 6	4	\$20,000	\$15,000	4/1/21-3/31/22
Pilot Grant 7	4	\$20,000	\$15,000	4/1/21-3/31/22
Pilot Grant 8	5	\$20,000	\$15,000	4/1/22-3/31/23
Pilot Grant 9	5	\$20,000	\$15,000	4/1/22-3/31/23

# **Core Papers**

- Special Issue to Honor and Remember Dr. Arti Hurria through the *Journal of Geriatric Oncology*
- Junior Investigators who attend Conference 1 lead their respective paper and review the need for this particular Core for the infrastructure, and review of the process for next steps





# Pilot Grant 1



- Title: Development of a Personalized Discussion Priorization Tool for Older Adults Considering Adjuvant Chemotherapy for Breast Cancer
- **Co-Pls:** Allison Magnuson, DO and Mina Sedrak, MD, MS
- Grant Period: September 1. 2019 August 31, 2020



• **Overall Objective:** Develop and test a technology-mediated DPT, which integrates personalized information on risk factors for adjuvant chemotherapy-related toxicity in older women with breast cancer

#### • Specific Aims

- Aim 1: Conduct a secondary analysis of patients enrolled on NCT01472094 to determine the association between clinical factors and reduced RDI of a prescribed chemotherapy regimen.
- Aim 2: Adapt a DPT to include personalized information regarding risk of chemotherapy toxicity and risk of reduced RDI, and evaluate the usability of the DPT in ten older adults considering adjuvant chemotherapy for breast cancer.

# **Solidify the Infrastructure**

**Test Case: Pilot Grant 1** 

### • Evaluation and Metrics:

- Staff hired (program manager, biostatistician, science writer)
- Development of a comprehensive inventory of aging and cancer researchers
- Establishment of the Cores including a membership roster and operating manuals for Core structure and function
- Revision of Core function and procedures based on evaluation by Core members, conference attendees, and grantees
- Frequency of participation of Core members in calls, webinars, and conferences
- Publications summarizing the key aspects of the infrastructure development

# **Next Steps**

#### <u>The Cores</u>

- Review core composition
- Establish a Leadership Core
- Need to prioritize and establish timeline
- Patient advocates are integral partners
- Workflow: Need to develop an algorithm
  - Intake form on CARG website
  - "Super Navigator"
  - "5 minute consult"
  - Followed by more in depth help

#### Enduring Resources

- Catalog of measures:
  - Geriatric Assessment
  - Biological
- Standardized protocols
- Data collection
- Storage
- Toolbox of methods and analytical plans
- Databases of tools and studies
- Database of investigators



# Mentorship (Sustainability)



### • Our mentees are our future:

- Leadership training
- Leveraging junior investigators: "teaching moments"
- "Pay it forward"

Define what we mean

"M" vs. "m"
Advisor
Sponsor





# THANK YOU FROM ALL OF US!



# CARGNIA R21/R33 (MPIs: Dale, Mohile, Hurria):Geriatric Oncology Infrastructure to Improve Clinical Care

- 1)Accelerate high-quality research at the aging and cancer interface
- 2)Attract and mentor investigators
- 3)Combine aging and cancer research to form a pipeline of sustainability for Cores
- 4)Disseminate these results to the broader community



# To the Future



# Thank you!

# Geriatrics

Geriatric Oncology

Oncology



# **Future webinars**

#### January 14, 2020, 12-1 p.m. ET

• Kiri Ness and Monica Gramatges

#### April 9, 2020, 12-1 p.m. ET

• Luigi Ferrucci and Morgan Levine

Send speaker suggestions and other feedback to: NCIDCCPSagingwebinar@mail.nih.gov



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